LANE COUNTY HISTORY MUSEUM
COLORING BOOK

PLANTS & ANIMALS
American Beaver: Oregon's State Mammal
The beaver is North America's largest rodent, and its fur was widely desired for use in hats. The beaver trade brought many of the first non-native people to Oregon.
Western Meadowlark: Oregon's State Bird
The western meadowlark is recognizable by the bold yellow breast and black v across its chest.
Hear the song:
https://macaulaylibrary.org/asset/120241
Dungeness Crab: Oregon’s State Crustacean
The largest edible crab on the west coast, it is considered a delicacy and a sustainable seafood.
Chinook Salmon: Oregon's State Fish
Also known as a King or Tyee salmon, this is the largest Pacific salmon species. It is an important part of native diets and culture.
Oregon Grape: Oregon’s State Flower
This flowering shrub has yellow flowers and dark blue berries. Native Americans used a “decoction” (an extract obtained by boiling Oregon Grape) as a tonic and medicine. The berries are slightly acid, but the early pioneers reported that they make a “fine beverage, good pies, and preserves.” The root can also be used to make yellow dye.
In 1976, it became one of the first four butterflies that the United States Postal Service placed on a U.S. stamp.
Camas Flower: Camassia quamash
This plant was an important source of food. It flowers in spring with bold blue petals in a star shape. The root bulb was harvested while the flower was in bloom, and then cooked for immediate consumption or dried to make flour.
Douglas Fir: Oregon's State Tree
This tree is extensively used for lumber, shipbuilding, and Christmas trees. The needles can be brewed into a tea high in vitamin c.